STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

Tier A Municipal Stormwater General Permit

Township of North Brunswick Middlesex County NJPDES #: NJG0153117 PI ID #: 197730

Effective Date of Permit Authorization (EDPA): April 1, 2004 Last Amended: August 16, 2023



3141 Bordentown Ave. Parlin, NJ 08859 • P: 732.727.8000 • www.cmeusa1.com

SPPP Table of Contents

- Form 1 Team Members
- Form 2 Revision History
- Form 3 Public Announcements (Part IV.B. and C.)
- Form 4 Post-Construction Stormwater Management in New Development and Redevelopment (Part IV.E.)
- Form 5 Ordinances (Part IV.F.1.)
- Form 6 Street Sweeping (Part IV.F.2.a.i. and ii.)
- Form 7 MS4 Infrastructure (Part IV.F.2-4 and Part IV.G.2-3.)
- Form 8 Community-wide Measures (Part IV.F.2.)
- Form 9 Municipal Maintenance Yards & Other Ancillary Operations (Part IV.F.5.)
- Form 10 Training (Part IV.F.6-10.)
- Form 11 MS4 Mapping (Part IV.G.1.)
- Form 12 Watershed Improvement Plan (Part IV.H.)

Form 1 – Team Members

Stormwater Program Coordinator (SPC)					
Name an	nd Title				
Phone			Email		
	Individ	ual(s) Responsi Stormwate			velopment Project eview
Name an	nd Title				
Phone			Email		
Name an	nd Title				
Phone			Email		
		other Municipal	l Stormw	ater Tea	m Members
Nam	ne and Title				
Phone		1	Email		
Name an	Name and Title				
Phone			Email		
Name an	Name and Title				
Phone			Email		
L	Shared/Contracted Service Providers				
Prov	vider Name	Service	e Provide	d	Term of Service

Form 2 – Revision History

Revision	Form #	Reason for Revision
Date	Changed	(Updates to staff, policy, webpage, etc.)

Form 3 – Public Announcements *Part IV.B. and C.*

1.	Provide the link to the dedicated stormwater webpage for your municipality.
2.	List the name and title of person(s) responsible for stormwater webpage postings/updates.
3.	List the newspapers, social media outlets, websites, direct mailings (Email or postal), and other communication approaches typically used to inform/educate the public on stormwater program information and related events/activities.

Form 4 – Post-Construction Stormwater Management in New Development and Redevelopment *Part IV.E.*

1. How does the municipality define "major development"? If it is different from the definition in N.J.A.C. 7:8, explain the difference.

2. Is the municipality's stormwater control ordinance (SCO) the same as or more stringent than NJDEP's model SCO? If more stringent, explain the difference.

3. Describe the process for reviewing major development project applications for compliance with the SCO and Residential Site Improvement Standards (RSIS).

4.	Does your municipality have a mitigation plan included in your Municipal Stormwater
	Management Plan and Stormwater Control Ordinance? Indicate the location of records
	of all variances granted.

5. Indicate the dates of each iteration of the township's Stormwater Control Ordinance, starting with the initial adoption and including revisions.

6. Indicate the dates of each iteration of the township's Municipal Stormwater Management Plan, starting with the initial adoption and including revisions.

Form 5 – Ordinances Part IV.F.1.

Ordinance	Date Adopted	Was the DEP model adopted without change? If not, explain how the municipality's is more stringent.	Entity Responsible for Enforcement	Fees & Fines
1. Pet Waste			Township Police Department and/or the Board of Health	\$500
2. Wildlife Feeding			Township Police Department and/or the Department of Public Works	\$5
3. Litter Control			Township Police Dept., Dept. of Public Works, and the Dept. of Parks, Recreation, and Community Services	\$200 Max
4. Improper Disposal of Waste			Township Police Department and the Department of Public Works	\$2,000 Max
5. Yard Waste			Department of Public Works	\$500 Max
6. Private Storm Drain Inlet Retrofitting			Community Development and the Code Enforcement Office	\$500 Max
7. Illicit Connections			Township Police Department and the Department of Public Works	\$500 Max
8. Privately- Owned Salt Storage				\$
9. Tree Removal- Replacement		No. The current ordinance states that a percentage of trees to be removed from the site shall be replaced with a percentage of those trees removed, and trees of a specific height shall be replaced with a certain number of trees depending on the height of the removed tree. The model NJDEP ordinance states that for every tree up to a given height, a certain number of trees with a minimum diameter breast height (DBH) shall be provided as a replacement tree.	Planning Board and Zoning Board	\$N/A
	e of the MS4	ated ordinances the municipality has permit. Include adoption date, entit fines.		ess
Indicate the location of	f records ass	ociated with ordinances and related v	violations and	

enforcement actions below.

Form 6 – Street Sweeping Part IV.F.2.a.i. and ii.

 Provide a written description and/or attach a map outlining the sweeping schedule for the following: Segments of municipal roads with storm drain inlets that discharge to surface water (required at least 3 times each year) Segments of municipal roads that do not have storm drain inlets but do discharge to surface water (required at least 1 time each year)
Note: Only asphalt and concrete roads need to be swept. Roads that do not have storm drain inlets and do not discharge to surface water do <u>not</u> need to be swept.
2. Indicate if sweeping work is outsourced and if so, describe the arrangement.

Form 7 – MS4 Infrastructure Part IV.F.2-4. and Part IV.G.2-3.

- a. Describe how you ensure that municipal inlets without permanent wording cast into the design have been properly labelled.
- b. Describe how you ensure that municipal and private storm drain inlets have been retrofitted.
- c. Describe how you ensure that newly installed storm drain inlets include corresponding catch basins or other BMPs to collect solids.
- d. Describe when and how you conduct inspections of storm drain inlets and the criteria used to determine when they need to be cleaned.

2. Municipal Catch Basins

- a. Describe when and how you conduct inspections of catch basins.
- b. Describe the criteria used to determine when catch basins need to be cleaned.

3. Municipal Conveyance System

Describe when and how inspections of MS4 conveyance systems are conducted, and the criteria used to determine when they need to be cleaned. Include a description of the equipment and techniques used.

4. Municipal Outfall Inspections – Stream Scouring

Describe the program in place to detect, investigate, and control localized stream scouring from stormwater outfalls. Include a description of the equipment and techniques used.

5. Municipal Outfall Inspections – Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination Describe the program in place for conducting visual dry weather inspections of municipally owned or operated outfalls. Include a description of the equipment and techniques used. Record cases of illicit discharges using the DEP's Illicit Connection Inspection Report Form from the Department's main stormwater webpage.

6. Other Municipal Infrastructure

List the types of MS4 infrastructure in your town that require inspection but are not noted above in items 1-5. Describe when and how you conduct inspections of this infrastructure and the criteria used to determine when they need to be maintained and/or cleaned.

7. Stormwater Facilities Not Owned or Operated by the Municipality

Describe your program for ensuring adequate long-term cleaning, operation, and maintenance of stormwater facilities not owned or operated by the municipality. This should include your plan for ensuring annual inspections are being done on these private properties and describe how you record the locations and logs associated with private infrastructure.

8. Infrastructure Records

Indicate the location of records related to stormwater infrastructure inspection, cleaning, maintenance, and repair activities.

Form 8 – Community-wide Measures Part IV.F.2.

1.	Herbicide Application Management Describe your program for preventing herbicides from being washed into the waters of the State and to prevent erosion caused by de-vegetation.		
2.	Excess Deicing Material Management Describe your program for ensuring that excess salt piles are removed in a timely manner after storm events.		
3.	Roadside Vegetative Waste Describe your program for ensuring proper pickup, handling, storage, and disposal of wood waste and yard trimmings generated by the permittee along municipal roads or on municipal properties (trimming trees, mowing, etc.).		
4.	Roadside Erosion Control Describe your program to detect and repair erosion along municipal roadways.		

Form 9 – Municipal Maintenance Yards & Other Ancillary Operations Part IV.F.5.

Please complete a separate Form 9 for each yard or site. Indicate the number of yards/sites the municipality owns or operates: _____

1. Site Name and Address	
2. Monthly Site Inspections	
2. Nontiny Site inspections Describe the nature of inspections conducted	l at this site and the location of inspection logs.
Describe the nature of hispections conducted	at this site and the location of hispection logs.
3. Inventory List	
List all materials and machinery that are pote	entially exposed to stormwater.
Materials	Machinery/Equipment
<u></u>	1

4.	Discharge of Stormwater from Secondary Containment
	Describe the process in place for discharging stormwater
	from secondary containment areas where outdoor
	containers are stored.
5.	Fueling Operations
	Does fueling occur on site? If so, describe the BMPs in place to minimize contamination of
	stormwater from fueling activities. If not, explain where fueling takes place.
6	Vehicle/Equipment Maintenance and Repair
0.	Do you perform maintenance and repair on site? Is this conducted indoors or outdoors? If
	outdoors, describe the BMPs in place to minimize contamination of stormwater from
	maintenance and repair activities.
7.	Wash Wastewater Containment
	Do you wash vehicles on site? If so, describe the BMPs in place to minimize contamination
	of stormwater from these activities. Note that on site containment structures require annual
	inspections by a NJ licensed professional engineer. If not, explain where vehicle washing
	takes place.

8.	Salt and Other Granular De-icing Materials Do you store salt and other granular deicing materials on site? If so, describe how they are stored and the BMPs in place to minimize contamination of stormwater from these
	materials. If not, explain where these materials are stored.
9.	Aggregate Material, Wood Chips, and Finished Leaf Compost
	Do you store these materials on site? If so, describe how they are stored and the BMPs in place to minimize contamination of stormwater from these materials. If not, explain where these materials are stored.
10	. Cold Patch Asphalt
10	Do you store these materials on site? If so, describe how they are stored and the BMPs in place to minimize contamination of stormwater from these materials. If not, explain where these materials are stored.
11	• Street Sweepings and Storm Sewer Cleanout Materials Do you store these materials on site? If so, describe how they are stored and the BMPs in place to minimize contamination of stormwater from these materials. If not, explain where these materials are stored.

12. Construction and Demolition Waste, Wood Waste, and Yard Trimmings Do you store these materials on site? If so, describe how they are stored and the BMPs in place to minimize contamination of stormwater from these materials. If not, explain where these materials are stored.
13. Scrap Tires Do you store these materials on site? If so, describe how they are stored and the BMPs in place to minimize contamination of stormwater from these materials. If not, explain where these materials are stored.
14. Inoperable Vehicles and Equipment Do you store inoperable vehicles or equipment on site? If so, describe how they are stored and the BMPs in place to minimize contamination of stormwater. If not, explain where they are stored.

Form 10 – Training

Part IV.F.6-10.

Stormwater Program Coordinators	
Describe the training provided for the municipal Stormwater Program Coordinator.	

Торіс	Municipal Employees
ropic	Examples: in-person or virtual group sessions, e-Learning, field trainings, and videos
	Describe the training provided for municipal staff.
SPPP	
Construction Site	
Stormwater	
Runoff	
Post-Construction	
Stormwater	
Management in	
New and	
Redevelopment	
Community-wide	
Ordinances	
Community-wide	
Measures	

Stormwater Facilities Maintenance	
Municipal Maintenance Yards and Other Ancillary Operations	
MS4 Mapping	
Outfall Stream Scouring	
Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination	

Stormwater Management Design Reviewers Describe the training provided for individuals responsible for reviews and approvals of stormwater management designs.

Municipal Board and Governing Body Members

Describe the training provided for members of the planning/zoning board and municipal council.

Training Records

Indicate the location of training records for the above required training.

Form 11 – MS4 Mapping Part IV.G.1.

1. Provide a link to the most current MS4 outfall/infrastructure map.	
2. Indicate the total of each type of MS4 infrastructure listed below (d	ue 01 Jan 2026).
a. MS4 outfalls	
b. MS4 ground water discharge points (basins or overland	
flow infiltration areas)	
c. MS4 interconnections	
d. MS4 storm drain inlets	
e. MS4 manholes	
f. Length of conveyance (channels, pipes, ditches, etc.)	
g. MS4 pump stations	
h. MS4 stormwater facilities (any that are not listed above)	
i. Maintenance yard(s) and other ancillary operations	
3. Describe how the municipality's outfall/infrastructure map is review	wed and updated to
reflect any new or newly identified MS4 infrastructure (e.g., an out	fall is closed, a new
basin is constructed, ownership of an outfall has changed, etc.).	
4. Describe how the municipality will create and update its MS4 Infra	structure Map.
	r-

Form 12 – Watershed Improvement Plan Part IV.H.

1.	Describe how your municipality is developing its Watershed Improvement Plan.
2.	Describe any regional projects or collaboration efforts with other municipalities.
3.	Indicate the location of records related to all public information sessions and meetings
	for discussions of the Watershed Improvement Plan.

Outfall Inspection Form	
This form is provided to assist MS4 permittees with appropriate recordkeeping for their routine outfall is required by the current MS4 NJPDES permit. Initial illicit connection inspections must be performed weather, which is <u>at least 72 hours after the previous precipitation or snowmelt event</u> . It is recommended to attach photo(s) of the inspection of the outfall to this form. Upon discovery of stream scouring, you may use "Stream Scouring Investigation Record Keeping Form documentation. Upon discovery of any possible illicit connections, you MUST use "Illicit Connection Inspection Rep	during dry
SECTION 1: PERMITTEE INFORMATION	
MS4 Permittee:NJPDES #: NJG0	
SECTION 2: OUTFALL SUMMARY INFORMATION	
*If this outfall is newly identified, be sure to add it to your electronic outfall pipe map	o. *
Outfall ID: Outfall Location Description:	
Municipality: County:	
Receiving Waterbody:	
Describe the type of conveyance(s) that delivers the stormwater to the receiving waterbody (co corrugated pipe, concrete channel, etc.):	oncrete or
If the ultimate discharge into the receiving water is from an enclosed pipe , is any part of the enfully or partially submerged? INEVER INTER SOMETIMES* *If 'Sometimes' or 'Always,' describe submerged conditions and condition at time of inspection	□ ALWAYS*
If the ultimate discharge into the receiving water is not from an enclosed pipe , what is the app distance between the end of the last enclosed stormwater conveyance pipe to the receiving wa	
(ft):	7
Do any other NJPDES permittees discharge through this MS4 outfall?	
*If 'YES', list Permittee Name(s) or NJPDES #(s):	
SECTION 3: INSPECTION CONDITIONS	
Date of current inspection:/ Date of previous inspection://	
Latest precipitation/snowmelt event: / Amount of Precipitation (in.):	

Outfall condition:	MAINTENANCE NEEDS REPAIR
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
If applicable, describe problem and the work needed to stabilize the outfa	411
Is there a dry weather flow present at the outfall or other evidence that a occurred? (If the outfall is partially or fully submerged, dry weather flow observ upstream point (e.g. manhole) above the influence of the receiving surface water	vations must be made at the next
□ PRES	ENT 🗆 EVIDENCE 🗆 NEITHER
If applicable: Manhole ID: Approximate distance upstream	m from outfall (ft.):
If a dry weather flow is present at the outfall or there is other evidence th have occurred, the permittee must document the illicit discharge investiga "Illicit Connection Inspection Report Form" at the link above.	
SECTION 4: STREAM SCOURING	
Is stream scouring present? *If 'YES', describe the scouring, including where the scouring is occurring r	□ YES* □ NO relative to the outfall:
If you answered 'YES,' you must document sources of stormwater tha Department has created the "Stream Scouring Investigation Record Keep above.	-
SECTION 5: INSPECTOR INFORMATION	
Inspector's Name:	
Title: Affiliation:	
	Date:

Strear	n Scouring Investigation Recordkeeping Form
of outfall stream scouring. The	t MS4 permittees with appropriate recordkeeping throughout the investigation process his form is to be kept with the permittee's SPPP, as per the recordkeeping requirements nit. It is recommended to attach photo(s) of the outfall and scouring to this form.
SECTION 1: PERMITTEE INF	ORMATION
MS4 Permittee:	NJPDES #: NJG0
SECTION 2: OUTFALL SUMM	ARY INFORMATION
If this outfall is	newly identified, be sure to add it to your electronic outfall pipe map.
Outfall ID:	Outfall Location Description:
Municipality:	County:
Receiving Waterbody:	
	rance(s) that delivers the stormwater to the receiving waterbody (concrete or hannel, etc.):
If the ultimate discharge int partially submerged?	o the receiving water is from an enclosed pipe , is the end of the pipe fully or NEVER SOMETIMES* ALWAYS*
*If 'Sometimes' or 'Always,' 	describe submerged conditions and condition at time of inspection:
_	o the receiving water is not from an enclosed pipe , what is the approximate f the last enclosed stormwater conveyance pipe to the receiving waterbody
Do any other NJPDES permi	ttees discharge through this MS4 outfall? □ YES* □ NO □ UNKNOWN
	e(s) or NJPDES #(s):
	If 'YES', please contact your MS4 Case Manager.
SECTION 3: INSPECTION CO	NDITIONS
When was the stream scour	ing first identified?/
Date of current inspe	ection:// Date of previous inspection://
Latest precipitation/snowm	elt event: / Amount of Precipitation (in.):

Provide a description of the stream scouring and outfall condition:
Describe investigation and findings, including suspected sources and action(s) being taken to reduce the volume or rate of flow from the sources contributing stormwater to the outfall, including dates of actions taken:
Was stream scouring identified during the previous inspection?
Since the date of last inspection, has the stream scouring worsened?
SECTION 4: SCHEDULING OF STREAM REMEDIATION Description of the remediation project:
List milestones and dates of remediation (i.e. applied for permit, advertised for bid, awarded bid for projec c completed project, etc.):

Permit Type			on District, etc.)
	Permit Authorization #	Application date	Authorization date
		// // //	// // //
SECTION 6: INSPECTOR INFORMA	TION		
Inspector's Name:			
Title:	Affiliation:		
Signature:		Date:	

ENGINEERS CERTIFICATION OF ANNUAL INSPECTION OF EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLE WASH WASTEWATER CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE

(Complete a separate form for each vehicle wash wastewater containment structure)

Permittee: _____ NJPDES Permit No: _____

Containment Structure Location:

The annual inspection of the above referenced vehicle wash wastewater containment structure was conducted on ______ (date). The containment structure and appurtenances have been inspected for:

- 1. The integrity of the structure including walls, floors, joints, seams, pumps and pipe connections
- 2. Leakage from the structure's piping, vacuum hose connections, etc.
- 2 Bursting potential of tank.
- 3. Transfer equipment
- 4. Venting
- 5. Overflow, spill control and maintenance.
- 6. Corrosion, splits, and perforations to tank, piping and vacuum hoses

The tank and appurtenances have been inspected for all of the above and have been determined to be:

Acceptable

Unacceptable _____

Conditionally Acceptable

List necessary repairs and other conditions:

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe the submitted information is true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment (N.J.A.C. 7:14A-2.4(d)).

Name (print):	Seal:

Signature:

Date:

Illicit Connection Inspection Report Form
For additional information regarding illicit discharge investigations, refer to Chapter 3.6 of the <u>Tier A Guidance</u> <u>Document</u> .
If a dry weather flow or other evidence of an intermittent illicit discharge is observed, this form shall be used to document the illicit discharge investigation in accordance with the current MS4 NJPDES Permit. This completed form shall be uploaded with the permittee's Annual Report and Certification and be kept with the permittee's SPPP as per the recordkeeping requirements of the permit. Initial illicit connection inspections must be performed during dry weather, which is <u>at least 72 hours after the end of the previous precipitation or snowmelt event</u> . It is required to attach photos of the investigation to this form. Illicit discharges must be reported immediately to the NJDEP Hotline at 1-877-WARNDEP (1-877-927-6337) .
SECTION 1: PERMITTEE INFORMATION
MS4 Permittee:NJPDES #: NJG0
SECTION 2: OUTFALL SUMMARY INFORMATION
If this outfall is newly identified, be sure to add it to your electronic outfall pipe map.
Outfall ID: Outfall Location Description:
Municipality: County:
Receiving Waterbody:
Describe the type of conveyance(s) that delivers the stormwater to the receiving waterbody (concrete or corrugated pipe, concrete channel, etc.):
If the ultimate discharge into the receiving water is from an enclosed pipe , is the end of the pipe fully or partially submerged?
*If 'Sometimes' or 'Always,' describe submerged condition at time of inspection:
If the ultimate discharge into the receiving water is not from an enclosed pipe , what is the approximate distance between the end of the last enclosed stormwater conveyance pipe to the receiving waterbody (ft.):
Do any other NJPDES permittees discharge through this MS4 outfall?
*If 'YES', list Permittee Name(s), NJPDES #(s), and Location of Connection:
If 'YES', please contact your MS4 Case Manager.

SECTION 3. OI	JTFALL INSPECTION			
	t inspection:/			
	ation/snowmelt event: / Amount of Precipitation (in.):			
	ner flow or other evidence of an intermittent illicit discharge was first discovered: / /			
	of previous inspection(s) and describe the actions taken, if applicable:			
	YSICAL OBSERVATIONS			
If the outfall	is either partially or fully submerged, dry weather flow observations must be made at the ne stream point (e.g. manhole) above the influence of the receiving surface waterbody.			
If applicable: N	Manhole ID: Approximate distance upstream from outfall (ft.):			
•	shall use the table below to describe 1) the observed dry weather flow and/or 2) when ther of intermittent illicit discharges present.			
	(Potential illicit discharge sources are listed in parentheses.)			
Odor	 None Sewage (stale/septic sanitary wastewater) Petroleum/Gas (petroleum refineries, vehicle maintenance facilities, petroleum product storage) Rancid/Sour (food preparation facilities, e.g. restaurants, hotels, etc.) Sulfide (industries discharging sulfide compounds or organics, e.g. meat packers, canneries, dairies, etc.) Other: 			
Color				
Turbidity Clear Cloudy (sanitary wastewater, concrete or stone operations, fertilizer facilities, an automotive dealers)				
Image: Compaque (food processors, lumber mills, metal works, pigment plants) Floatable Matter (Does not include litter) Image: Compaque (food processors, lumber mills, metal works, pigment plants) Floatable Matter (Does not include litter) Floatable None Image: Compaque (food processors, lumber mills, metal works, pigment plants) Floatable None Image: Compaque (food processors, lumber mills, metal works, pigment plants) Image: Compaque (food processors, lumber mills, metal works, pigment plants) Image: Compaque (food processors, lumber mills, metal works, pigment plants) Floatable foods, solvents, sawd foams, packing materials, or fuel. Floatables in sanitary wastewater include fecal metal to the paper, sanitary napkins, and condoms. Image: Compaque (food processors) Image: Compaque (food procestruct) Image: Compa				

□ Petroleum (oil sheen)

 \Box Other:

Deposits and	Coatings, residues or fragments of material may be indicators of a potential intermittent						
Stains within	non-stormwater discharge						
outfall	□ None						
	□ Grayish-Black (leather tanneries)						
	U White o	White crystalline powder (Nitrogenous fertilizers)					
	🗆 Excessi	Excessive sediments (construction sites)					
	□ Oily residues (petroleum refineries, storage facilities, vehicle service areas)						
	□ Other:						
Vegetation	As compared to surrounding Riparian bank and/or stream vegetation						
	🗆 Norma						
	Excessi	ve growth and/or algal presence (Food processing plants)					
	🗆 Inhibite	ed Growth (Industrial operation effluent, CAFOs)					
*If the Physical Observations have been conducted and it was determined there was no odor, no discoloration of the water or no deposits and stains left on the outfall, turbidity was clear, no floatable matter, and the vegetation surrounding outfall appears normal, then the dry weather discharge is likely from a groundwater source, but the "Field Monitoring" section below must still be completed for verification.							
Prior to cond	lucting the d	analyses in Sections 5 & 6, the source may be traced back upstream in the storm					
sewer to a mo	ore definitive	e location by various methods, such as opening manholes, using a camera and/or					
		performing dye tests or smoke tests.*					
SECTION 5: FIEL	D MONITO	RING					
*Field c	calibrate ins	truments in accordance with manufacturer's instructions prior to testing. st					
Estimated Dry Weather Flow Rate		The Tier A guidance document recommends taking the estimate flow rate during the physical observations.					
Detergents		Potential discharge types include sewage, washwater, industrial or commercial liquid					
Examples include surfactants		waste					
and methylene							
substances (MBAS)		Measurement: mg/L					
Temperature of dry weather discharge		Temperatures >70°F may indicate cooling water discharges depending on the season					
		Measurement:°F					
Proceed to Section 6 in accordance with the Guidance Document recommendations.							
SECTION 6: DRY WEATHER FLOW ANALYSIS - WATER QUALITY							
* Based on the potential discharge types determined in the 'Physical Observation' and 'Field Monitoring'							
sections, <u>further testing must be conducted</u> using the appropriate subset of parameters below. The following							
parameters are recommended by the EPA for specific types of discharges as noted in the table below. For							
more information, refer to Chapter 12 of the EPA's Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination guidance							

document (<u>https://www3.epa.gov/npdes/pubs/idde_manualwithappendices.pdf</u>).

Indicate the location of your measurements (e.g. outfall, manhole number, etc.): ______

Parameter	Potential Discharge Type (EPA Guidance)	Discharge Measurement			
Ammonia	Sewage, washwater	mg/L			
Potassium	Sewage, industrial or commercial liquid waste	mg/L			
Boron	>0.35 mg/L likely indicates sewage or washwater	mg/L			
Chlorine	Industrial or commercial liquid waste	mg/L			
Conductivity	Sewage, washwater, and industrial or commercial liquid waste	S/m			
E. coli (FW & PL waters)**	>12,000 Count/100 mL is likely Sanitary Wastewater	Count/100 mL			
Enterococci (SC & SE1 waters)**	>5,000 Count/100 mL is likely Sanitary Wastewater	Count/100 mL			
Fecal Coliform (SE2 & SE3 waters)**	Sewage	Count/100 mL			
Fluoride	Distinguishes potable water from natural or irrigation water	mg/L			
pH of Dry Weather Discharge	Washwater	SU			
**The abbreviations FW, PL, SC, SE 1, SE2, and SE3 refer to the surface water quality classification of the receiving surface waterbody where the outfall discharges, as defined in N.J.A.C. 7:9B. FW=Freshwater, PL=Pinelands, SC=Saline Coastal, SE=Saline Estuary. Map coverage of these classifications is available on NJ-GeoWeb (<u>https://njdep.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=02251e521d97454aabadfd8cf168e44d</u>) using the layer under 'Water' of 'Surface Water Quality Classification.'					
SECTION 7: ILLICIT DISCHARGE INVESTIGATION *The investigation is not complete until the source of the dry weather flow is found, and any illicit discharge is eliminated.*					
Based on the latest results from the investigation, including the results in Sections 4, 5 and 6, is/was this dryweather flow from an illicit connection?INVESTIGATION IS ONGOING					
If the investigation has been completed, what was the source of the dry weather flow or illicit connection?					

Describe the investigation, including the methods that were/will be used to identify the suspected source of
the illegal discharge, or conclude there was no illicit discharge, along with the timeline of the steps of the
investigation. Attach additional pages if necessary.
2
SECTION 8: ILLICIT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION
If it was an illicit discharge, has the source been eliminated?
Describe the plan of estion that was (will be followed to aliminate the illigit encoded in . This plan should
Describe the plan of action that was/will be followed to eliminate the illicit connection. This plan should
detail who is/was responsible for the discharge, what methods were/will be used to fix it, how long it
took/will take, and how removal was/will be confirmed and rechecked:
·
SECTION 9: INSPECTOR INFORMATION
Inspector's Name:
Title: Affiliation:
Signature: Date:

Underground Vehicle Wash Water Storage Tank Use Log

Name and Address of Facility

Facility Permit Number

Tank ID Number	
----------------	--

Tank Volume	gallons
95% Volume	gallons

 Tank Location

 Tank Height

inches

95% Volume _____ inches

Date and Time	<u>Inspector</u>	<u>Height of Product</u> <u>Before Introducing</u> Liquid (inches)	<u>Is Tank Less</u> Than 95% Full? (Y/N)	<u>Visual</u> <u>Inspection</u> <u>Pass? (Y/N)</u>	<u>Comments</u>

Notes: The volume of liquid in the tank should be measured **before** each use.

Liquid **should not be introduced** if the tank contains liquid at 95% of the capacity or greater.

A visual inspection of all exposed portions of the collection system should be performed before each use. Use the comments column to document the inspection and any repairs.

Underground Vehicle Wash Water Storage Tank Pump Out Log

Name and Address of Facility Facility Permit Number

Tank Volume _____ gallons

Date and Time of Pump Out	Volume of Liquid <u>Removed</u>	Waste Hauler *	Destination of the Liquid Disposal *

* The Permittee must maintain copies of all hauling and disposal records and make them available for inspection.